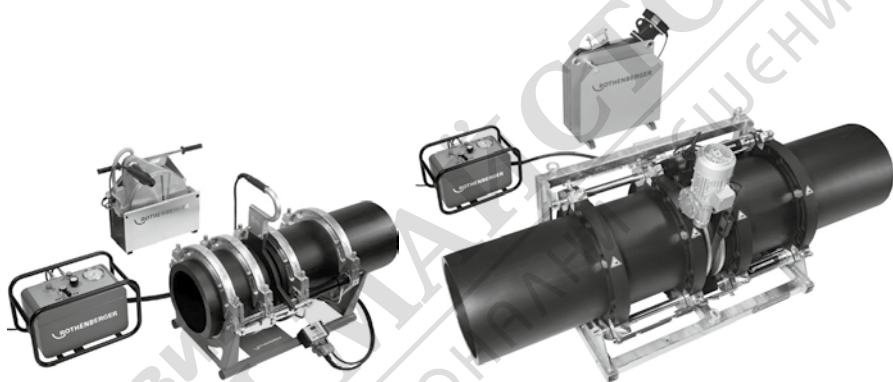


ROTHENBERGER

ROWELD P160-630B Plus
Professional

ROWELD P160-630B Plus Professional



DE Bedienungsanleitung
EN Instructions for use
FR Instruction d'utilisation
ES Instrucciones de uso
IT Istruzioni d'uso
NL Gebruiksaanwijzing
PT Instruções de serviço

DA Brugsanvisning
SV Bruksanvisning
PL Instrukcja obsługi
CS Návod k používání
HU Kezelési útmutató
RU Инструкция по использованию



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Markings in this document:



Markings in this document!

This sign warns against the danger of personal injuries.



Caution!

This sign warns against the danger of property damage and damage to the environment.



Call for action



1.1 Intended use

ROWELD P160-630B Plus Professional models are only to be used for producing welded joints on PE - PP and PVDF tubes according to the technical data. The user bears sole responsibility for any damage caused by improper use.

1.2 General Power Tool Safety Warnings



WARNING! Read all safety warnings, instructions, illustrations and specifications provided with this power tool.

Failure to follow all instructions listed below may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious injury.

Save all warnings and instructions for future reference.

The term "power tool" in the warnings refers to your electrically-operated (corded) power tool or battery-operated (cordless) power tool.

1) Work area safety

- a) **Keep work area clean and well lit.** Cluttered and dark areas invite accidents.
- b) **Do not operate power tools in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases or dust.** Power tools create sparks which may ignite the dust or fumes.
- c) **Keep children and bystanders away while operating a power tool.** Distractions can cause you to lose control.

2) Electrical safety

- a) **Power tool plugs must match the outlet. Never modify the plug in any way. Do not use any adapter plugs with earthed (grounded) power tools.** Unmodified plugs and matching outlets will reduce risk of electric shock.
- b) **Avoid body contact with earthed or grounded surfaces, such as pipes, radiators, ranges and refrigerators.** There is an increased risk of electric shock if your body is earthed or grounded.
- c) **Do not expose power tools to rain or wet conditions.** Water entering a power tool will increase the risk of electric shock.
- d) **Do not abuse the cord. Never use the cord for carrying, pulling or unplugging the power tool. Keep cord away from heat, oil, sharp edges and moving parts.** Damaged or entangled cords increase the risk of electric shock.
- e) **When operating a power tool outdoors only, use an extension cords suitable for outdoor use.** Use of a cord suitable for outdoor use reduces the risk of electric shock.
- f) **If operating a power tool in a damp location is unavoidable, use a residual current device (RCD) protected supply.** Use of an RCD reduces the risk of electric shock.

3) Personal safety

- a) **Stay alert, watch what you are doing and use common sense when operating a power tool. Do not use a power tool while you are tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication.** A momentary lack of attention while operating power tools may result in serious personal injury.
- b) **Use personal protective equipment. Always wear eye protection.** Protective equipment such as dust mask, non-skid safety shoes, hard hat, or hearing protection used for appropriate conditions will reduce personal injuries.
- c) **Prevent unintentional starting. Ensure the switch is in the off-position before connecting to power source and/or battery pack, picking up or carrying the tool.** Carrying power tools with your finger on the switch or energising power tools that have the switch on invites accidents.
- d) **Remove any adjusting key or wrench before turning the power tool on.** A wrench or a key left attached to a rotating part of the power tool may result in personal injury.

- e) **Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times.** This enables better control of the power tool in unexpected situations.
 - f) **Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewellery. Keep your hair, clothing and gloves away from moving parts.** Loose clothes, jewellery or long hair can be caught in moving parts.
 - g) **If devices are provided for the connection of dust extraction and collection facilities, ensure these are connected and properly used.** Use of dust collection can reduce dust-related hazards.
 - h) **Do not let familiarity gained from frequent use of tools allow you to become complacent and ignore tool safety principles.** A careless action can cause severe injury within a fraction of a second.
- 4) Power tool use and care**
- a) **Do not force the power tool. Use the correct power tool for your application.** The correct power tool will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it was designed.
 - b) **Do not use the power tool if the switch does not turn it on and off.** Any power tool that cannot be controlled with the switch is dangerous and must be repaired.
 - c) **Disconnect the plug from the power source and/or remove the battery pack, if detachable, from the power tool before making any adjustments, changing accessories, or storing power tools.** Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the power tool accidentally.
 - d) **Store idle power tools out of the reach of children and do not allow persons unfamiliar with the power tool or these instructions to operate the power tool.** Power tools are dangerous in the hands of untrained users.
 - e) **Maintain power tools and accessories. Check for misalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts and any other condition that may affect the power tool's operation. If damaged, have the power tool repaired before use.** Many accidents are caused by poorly maintained power tools.
 - f) **Keep cutting tools sharp and clean.** Properly maintained cutting tools with sharp cutting edges are less likely to bind and are easier to control.
 - g) **Use the power tool, accessories and tool bits etc., in accordance with these instructions, taking into account the working conditions and the work to be performed.** Use of the power tool for operations different from those intended could result in a hazardous situation.
 - h) **Keep handles and grasping surfaces dry, clean and free from oil and grease.** Slippery handles and grasping surfaces do not allow for safe handling and control of the tool in unexpected situations.
- 5) Service**
- a) **Have your power tool serviced by a qualified repair person using only identical replacement parts.** This will ensure that the safety of the power tool is maintained.

2 Technical data

	P160B	P200B	P250B	P355B	P500B	P630B/Plus
Basic unit:						
Pipe welding range Ø (mm)	40-160	63-200	90-250	90-355	200-500	315-630
Pipe capacity	SDR series see welding tables + observe pressure max. hydraulic unit					
Cylinder stroke, max (mm)	100	100	150	150	200	200
Total cylinder surface (cm ²)	3,53	3,53	6,26	6,26	14,13	14,13/22,38
Leading dimensions:						
Length (mm)	705	675	810	795	1300	1300
Width (mm)	370	370	485	600	900	1060
Height (mm)	300	400	415	535	800	920
Weight max* (kg)	30,2	27,5	56,7	77,9	235	319,9/325,4

* incl. reduction clamp inserts for the smallest pipe diameter

Trimmer unit:

Power supply	230 V	230 V	230 V	230 V	400 V, 3~	400 V, 3~
	115 V					
	(Hz) 50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60
	(A) 3,5	2,9	3,5	3,7	1,75	2,55
Rated power input/output (W).....	750/470	630/425	750/470	850/580	1210/750	1770/1100
Rotary speed (min ⁻¹).....	660	950	660	583	140	140
Idle running speed (min ⁻¹).....	126	165	85	53	31	24
(milling disc)						
Noise pressure level dB(A) L _{pA} K _{pA}	82 3	83 3	82 3	83 3	48 3	52 3
Sound power level dB(A) L _{WA} K _{WA}	93 3	94 3	93 3	94 3	59 3	63 3
Weight (kg)	7,6	7,0	15	22,6	68	123

Heating plate:

Power supply	230 V	230 V	230 V	230 V	400 V	400 V
	115 V					
	(Hz) 50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60	50/60
	(W) 800	1000	1500	2500	4000	8000
Heating plate - diameter (mm).....	200	230	300	380	540	660
Weight (kg)	3,3	3,9	5,5	9,1	32	49

Carrying frame:

Weight (kg)	4,7	4,3	8,2	9,6	55	70
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P160B, P200B, P250B, P355B

P500B, P630B/Plus

Hydraulic unit:

Power supply	230 V – 50 Hz – 2,5 A	230 V – 50 Hz – 5,6 A
	230 V – 60 Hz – 2,5 A	230 V – 60 Hz – 5,6 A
Rated power input/output (W).....	580/ 370	1290/ 750
	670/ 370	1200/ 750
Pump capacity (l/min).....	2,8	5,65
	2,45	5,1
Oil tank capacity (l).....	0,7	0,7
Pressure max. (bar)	100	100
Hydraulic - Oil	HLP – 46 (no.: 53649)	
Dimensions (LxWxH, mm).....	540 x 340 x 340	540 x 340 x 340
Noise pressure level dB(A) L _{pA} K _{pA}	74 3	77 3
Sound power level dB(A) L _{WA} K _{WA}	85 3	88 3
Weight (kg)	28	29

P160B

P200B

P250B

P355B

P500B

P630B/Plus

Overall length:

Total connected load (kW)	2,1	2,0	2,9	4,0	6,7	11,3
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Transport case dimensions:

Length (mm)	1200	1200	1200	1200	2240	2240
Width (mm)	800	800	800	800	1300	1300
Height (mm)	900	900	900	900	1500	1500

The noise level during operation can exceed 85 dB (A). Wear hearing protection!

3.1 Description

ROWELD P160-630B Plus Professional are compact, portable heating plate butt fusion welding machines that were specially designed for use at the construction sites and in particular in pipe trenches. Of course, the tools are very well suited for use in the workshop.

Welding of pipe-pipe connections, T-joints, pipe bends and welding neck can be made.

The essential machine components are:

Basic unit, reduction clamp insets, hydraulic unit, trimmer unit, heating plate, carrying frame.

When joining welding necks always use the flange adapter (optional accessory, must be ordered separately).

ROWELD P160-250B: When welding pipe bends with a narrow radius of the maximum diameter of the machine, this bevelled upper clamping tool should be used as an accessory.

ROWELD P500-630B Plus: To insert and remove the trimmer and the heating plate we recommend using the electrical hoist (optional accessory, must be ordered separately).

3.1.1 Basic unit (A)

1	Movable clamps	5	Replaceable clamps
2	Sliding clamps	6	Mounting screw upper
3	Spacer with locking notch	7	Spacer
4	Heating element take-off device	8	Mounting screw lower

3.1.2 Hydraulic unit (B)

1	filler neck and dip stick	5	mains cable
2	fast-on connector	6	manometer
3	relief valve	7	control lever, left-close- right-open
4	fast-on coupling sleeve	8	pressure adjustment valve

The hydraulic unit allows the operator to operate the welding machine and perform the functions indicated by the following symbols:



To close the clamps press the control lever to the left. The moving and pressure build-up speed dependent on the angle of rotation



To open the clamps press the control lever to the right. The moving speed dependent on the angle of rotation



Pressure adjusting valve for milling pressure, beat forming pressure, heating pressure and cooling pressure. The manometer provides information on the regulated pressure



Pressure relief valve. Anti-clockwise turn can lowered the pressure. The lowering speed dependent from the number of turns. Right turn pressure hold

3.2 Operating instructions



In accordance with national or EU ordinances and guidelines, e. g. DVS 2212, Section I, only duly qualified and authorised personnel are allowed to operate the ROWELD welding machines!

Only trained and authorised welders are allowed to operate the machine!

3.2.1 Putting into operation



Please read through the operating instructions and safety instructions attentively before you put the butt fusion welding machine into operation!



Do not use the heating element in explosive environments or bring it into contact with easily flammable materials!



Stay a safe distance away from the machine. Do not stand or reach into the machine. Keep other people away from the work area!



Before every start-up, check the oil level of the hydraulic unit. The oil level must be between the min. and max. marking on dipstick in the oil filler cap. If necessary, add HLP 46 hydraulic oil!



Transport and set the hydraulic unit only in a horizontal position. If it is set at an angle, oil escapes from the vented plugs with the dipstick!

→ Connect the hydraulic unit to the basic unit with both hydraulic hoses.



Protect the quick couplings from contamination. Replace leaky couplings immediately!

→ Connect the trimmer unit, hydraulic unit and heating plate mains plugs to the power outlet/supply specified on the type plates.

For P160-250B:

→ The red "Stand by" diode on the heating element lights up, which means: voltage is being applied. Switch on the heating element on the hand grip using the large press-button (lights up green) and set the desired temperature using the "+" or "-" button (160°C to 285°C / 320°F to 545°F).

Heating is displayed on the hand grip by the yellow diode. Horizontal bars also appear on the temperature indicator. The yellow diode goes out shortly before reaching the set nominal temperature (tolerance +/-3°C / 5.4°F) and the green one lights up. The heating element is usable after a further 10 minutes. Note: upon first reaching the nominal temperature the set value can be exceeded for short time.

→ Check the temperature using an external temperature measuring instrument. If there are deviations it means that the heating element must be re-calibrated: press the "+" and "-" button simultaneously and then set the difference using the "+" or "-" button.

If "Er1" appears this means the electronics are defective. For "Er2" the resistance thermometer is either defective or not connected. Send the device to an authorised ROTHENBERGER specialist workshop.



Risk of serious injury! The heating plate can reach temperatures of over 290°C / 554°F! We highly recommend storing the heating plate in the designated carrying frame immediately after use!

For P355B:

→ Turn on the main switch of the control box. The switch lights up green and the actual temperature of the hotplate is shown on the display. Use the – and + keys to set the desired temperature between 160°C and 270°C / 320°F and 518°F.

When the set temperature is reached, the display jumps from "set" to "actual", and the "heat" display blinks. The heating element is ready to use after another 10 minutes.

→ Check the temperature with a temperature measurement device.

The temperature regulator is optimally set at the factory. If the actual surface temperature on the heating element does not reflect the temperature shown, an offset can be performed. For this, set the rocker switch to 0, press the – and + keys, and turn the rocker switch on. The display shows "OFF", "SET" and then the set offset value. Use the – and + keys to set the offset appropriately, and save it by pressing – and +. Then the current value is shown again.

For P500-630B Plus:

→ Switch on master switch in the control box / heating plate (the switch lights green when power supply properly connected). Set required temperature (cf. temperature controller).

The display generally indicates the actual temperature value. In accordance with national ordinances and guidelines, e. g. DVS, the heating plate is ready after maintaining the setpoint temperature for at least 10 minutes.

→ Check the temperature with a temperature measurement device.



Risk of serious injury! The heating plate can reach temperatures of over 300°C / 572°F! We highly recommend storing the heating plate in the designated carrying frame immediately after use!

The welding machine is equipped with a Type 400 digital temperature controller.

The digital temperature controller has been ideally configured and set before leaving our factory. To set temperature simply press the →F← key until “_SP” is indicated in the display. The operator can now adjust the setpoint temperature between 0-300°C / 32-572°F with the arrow keys.

If no keys are pressed, the display indicates the actual temperature, the controller automatically sets the new temperature parameter. As long as the actual temperature is lower than the setpoint temperature, the red arrow flashes (low). If the actual value is larger than the setpoint value, the red arrow flashes (high). If the actual temperature corresponds with the setpoint temperature, the green bar illuminates. Should the actual surface temperature of the heating plate not correspond with the actual temperature indicated, it is possible to enter an “offset”. To define the offset, press and hold the →F← key until “InP” appears in the display (approx. 7 sec.); release →F← key, then press the →F← key as many times as required until “oFS” appears. Correct this value as required. To save the new settings, press and hold →F← key until the actual value reappears in the display.



Warning! Do not change any other heating plate parameters!

Factory settings:

Menü „CFG“	Menü „InP“	Menü „Out“	Menü „PAS“
„S.tu“ 0	„Ctr“ 8	„AL.n“ 0	„Prot“ 32
„h.Pb“ 1.0	„tYP“ 16	„r.o.1“ 0	
„h.lt“ 0.68	„FLt“ 0.1	„r.o.2“ 0	
„h.dt“ 0.17	„FLd“ 0.5	„Ct.1“ 20	
„h.P.H“ 100	„dP.S.“ 0	„Ct.2“ 20	
„rst“ 0	„Lo.S“ 0	„rEL.“ 0	
„P.rE“ 0	„HI.S“ 300		
„SoF“ 0	„oFS“ xx		
„Lb.t“ 0	„HI.A“ 0		
„Lb.P“ 25	„Lo.L“ 0		
„FA.P“ 0	„HI.L“ 280		

Note: The autotuning function could cause the details under “CFG” to deviate minutely. Should hunting occur, the autotuning function can be activated while the heating plate is cold (set the menu item “S.tu” to “2” (two) in CFG menu, the system automatically resets the parameter to “0” (zero).

For lifting the milling equipment and the heating element, use lifting device 53410 or 53323, or a suitable tool.

3.2.2 Measures for preparing welding

→ Pipes smaller than the maximum welding range (diameter) of the machine, mount the adapter clamping inserts suited for the pipe diameter with the Allen screws found in the accessories kit.

ROWELD P200B: Ø63-140mm: consisting of six wide-surface shells and two small-surface shells. Ø160-180mm: consisting of 8 wide-surface shells.

ROWELD P160-355B: consisting of six wide-surface shells and two small-surface shells.

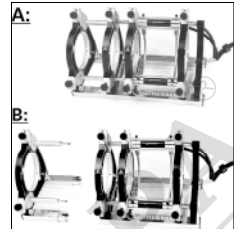
ROWELD P500-630B Plus: consisting of six wide-surface shells and two small-surface shells (for diameters up to 450 mm) or 8 wide-surface shells (for diameters >500 mm).

In so doing, please observe that the small-surface shells are mounted to the two lower external main clamps. These are used in the left basic clamping element below and above only for pipe bend connections.

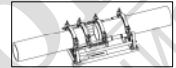
- Insert the plastic pipe or fitting in the clamping device (use dolly with longer pipe < 2,5m sections) and tighten brass nut on the upper clamps. Adjust brass nuts (tighten or loosen) to compensate for any ovalness.

For P200B:

- The machine is operated with 4 basic clamping jaws in the case of pipes/ pipe connections (welding position A).
- The 4th basic clamping jaw can be removed in the case of narrow pipes/ fitting connections (welding position B). To do this, initially remove the screws (3) and then slightly loosen the screws (5). The 4th jaw can now be pulled out together with the sub-construction. Finally, unscrew the spacers (4) and replace them by the screws (3).



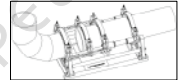
- For pipe-to-pipe connections, the two spacers must be engaged in both left clamping elements (standard configuration at delivery).



Attention: Under no circumstances should the spacers be installed diagonally offset!

The pipes are each held by two clamping elements.

- **P160B:** For pipe-to-fitting connections, the two spacers must be engaged in both middle clamping elements.
- **P250-355B:** For pipe-to-fitting connections, the two spacers must be engaged in both middle clamping elements, and the heating element take-off device is suspended into the left clamping elements. When some fittings are being processed in certain positions, such as horizontal bends or welding necks, it is necessary to remove the heating element take-off device.
- **P500-630B Plus:** For pipe-to-fitting connections, the spacers must be swivelled to the other side and engaged in the middle clamping elements



Attention: Under no circumstances should the spacers be installed diagonally offset!

- The pipe is inserted into three clamping elements, and the fitting is held by one clamping element. Thus, the movable clamping element can be shifted on the rod as space requirements demand during clamping.
- Verify secure fit by moving the workpieces together.



Stay a safe distance away from the machine. Do not stand or reach into the machine. Keep other people away from the work area!

- Check to ensure that the heating plate has reached the setpoint operating temperature.

CAUTION! To guarantee uniform heat distribution over the entire heating element, the heating element must not be used until at least 10 minutes after it reaches the target temperature. Check and verify the temperature with a temperature meter and readjust if necessary!

- Position the electrical trimmer between the two workpieces.

P500-630B Plus: Verify the direction of rotation! The machines were polarized to turn clockwise before leaving our factory!

- Switch on trimmer unit. The planing discs should turn in the cutting direction; if not, use suitable tools to change over the phase inverter in the mains plug.



Risk of serious injury! During operation trimmer unit, stay a safe distance away from the machine, and do not reach into the rotating knife. Use trimmer in working position only and return it into the designated carrying frame immediately after use. Ensure that the safety switch functions properly at all times to avoid any accidental starting of the trimmer away from the basic machine!



- Turn the pressure adjustment valve counter-clockwise all the way.
- Press the control lever leftward and slowly increase the milling pressure to the optimal value.



An excessively high milling pressure can lead to overheating and damage to the miller drive. When the milling drive is overloaded or at rest, raise the machine and reduce the pressure!

- Once shavings with a thickness of $\leq 0.2\text{mm}$ are steadily exiting the milling machine, press the control lever rightward and guide the machine apart.
- Turn off the milling equipment, and wait for the planing disks to stop. Remove the milling equipment from the basic machine, and place it in the storage case.
- Bring the work pieces together, and let up on the pressure by opening the pressure release valve.
- Check to see that the welding surfaces are flat, parallel and axially aligned.

Should the joint surfaces show any misalignment, repeat the trimming procedure. For best results the workpiece ends should not be mismatched by more than 10% of the wall thickness and the maximum gap between the joint surfaces no more than 0.5 mm. This recommendation does not release you from your obligation to observe national welding guidelines. Clear away any remaining shavings with a clean brush.



CAUTION! Do not touch the trimmed, ready to weld surfaces. Ensure that the surfaces are free of any and all containments and foreign objects!

3.2.3 Welding



Risk of injury! Keep a safe distance from the machine when mechanically closing clamps and moving workpieces. Keep hands, limbs and objects such as clothing, tools etc. away from running machine!

- While moving workpiece ends to welding position, read the workpiece drag pressure from the manometer on the hydraulic unit.

The workpiece drag pressure is the minimum amount of pressure required to set the workpiece – depending on weight and length – in axial motion. This value must be precisely determined; it will be necessary to engage and disengage the machine and workpieces several times and to set the pressure adjustment valve until the machine almost comes to a standstill. Add the drag pressure to the conformation, heat-penetration and joint pressure.

- Insert the heating plate into the basic unit between the two workpiece ends and make sure that the heating plate's supports are seated in the notches on the take-off device.
- Engage the machine, set and maintain the required conformation pressure plus drag pressure.
- As soon as sufficient bead has formed around the entire circumference of the workpiece ends, slowly release the pressure by slowly opening the relief valve.
- Set the pressure so that workpiece ends have uniform almost pressure less contact to the heating plate (warm up).
- Now close the relief valve. Ensure that the workpiece ends still have contact with the heating plate.
- After the warm-up phase, disengage workpieces, remove the heating plate and re-engage the workpieces. Increase the pressure linear to the respective joint pressure and maintain that pressure until the joint is fully cooled.
- Regularly check the pressure and pump it back up when necessary. If the pressure loss is excessive, have the hydraulic system checked.



CAUTION: Press and hold the control lever for the first 20 to 100 seconds then release (neutral switch position)!

- Put the heating element back into the storage case.
- After the joint has fully cooled, slowly release the pressure by opening the relief valve, unclamp the workpieces and remove from the machine.
- Disengage the basic unit, write protocol. The machine is now ready for the next welding cycle.

All welding parameters can be found in the enclosed welding tables.

3.2.4 Putting out of operation

- Switch off heating plate.



Let the heating element cool or stow it in such a way that no adjacent materials can be ignited!

- Remove trimmer unit, heating plate and hydraulic unit mains plugs from power outlet and roll up cables.



Transport and set the hydraulic unit only in a horizontal position. If it is set at an angle, oil escapes from the vented plugs with the dipstick!

- Disconnect and roll up hydraulic hoses.



Important! Protect couplings from damage and dirt!

3.3 General requirements

As weather and ambient conditions can seriously effect welding procedures and joints, it is essential to duly observe national welding guidelines and ordinances, e. g. DVS Guideline 2207, Sections 1, 11 and 15.

Welding requires continuous and due supervision and monitoring!

3.4 Important information on welding parameters

For welding parameters such as temperature, pressure and time, consult your national welding guidelines and ordinances, e. g. DVS Guideline 2207, Sections 1, 11 and 15.

Ordering: DVS Media GmbH, Aachener Str. 172, 40223 Düsseldorf

Postfach 10 19 65, 40010 Düsseldorf, Tel.: +49 (0) 211 / 15 91 – 0

Email: media@dvs-hg.de internet: www.dvs-media.info

In the event of doubt, consult the pipe manufacturer for material-specific welding parameters.

The welding parameters specified in the welding tables are strictly reference values. ROTHENBERGER cannot assume any liability for their accuracy or completeness!

The compensation and joint pressure values specified in the welding tables were calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{pressure } P \text{ [bar]} = \frac{\text{welding surface } A \text{ [mm}^2\text{]} \times \text{welding factor } SF \text{ [N/mm}^2\text{]}}{\text{surface of cylinder } A_z \text{ [cm}^2\text{]} \times 10}$$

Welding factors (SF): PE = 0,15 N/mm², PP = 0,10 N/mm², PVDF = 0,10 N/mm²

4 Care and Maintenance

To ensure that the welding machine functions properly, observe the following maintenance recommendations:

- The guide rods must be kept free of dirt and grime. Replace guide rods whenever surface shows signs of erosion or damage, otherwise hydraulic system may loose pressure.
- Trimmer unit, heating plate, hydraulic unit may only be supplied with the voltage specified on the type plates.
- To achieve perfect welding results, it is essential to keep the heating plate clean. If the surface is damaged or shows signs of erosion, the surface must be recoated or replaced. Material residues on the heating plate surface reduces the non-sticking properties of the coating. Remove all residues with non-linting paper and alcohol (heating plate must be cool!).

- Before every start-up, check the oil level of the hydraulic unit (oil level should lie between full and empty marks). Replenish hydraulic oil whenever necessary (HLP – 46, no.: 53649).
- Change hydraulic oil (HLP – 46, no.: 53649) every six months.
- To avoid malfunctions, regularly check the hydraulic unit for leaks, proper fit of connections as well as the power cable for signs of damage or wear.
- Protect the fast-on couplings on both the hydraulic unit as well as the hydraulic hoses from dirt and grime. Remove any dirt or foreign objects prior to connecting.
- The trimmer unit is equipped with two bi-directional blades. Rotate or replace blades whenever trimming performance is no longer up to expectations.
- Always ensure that the pipe and workpiece ends, in particular the butt surfaces are clean. Dirt or other foreign substances will shorten the serviceable life of the blades considerably.



Pursuant to welding guidelines the welding machine must be inspected annually by the manufacturer or an authorized service workshop. Machines subjected to above average use or strain should be inspected at shorter intervals!

5 Accessories

You can find suitable accessories in the main catalog or at www.rothenberger.com

6 Customer service

The ROTHENBERGER service locations are available to help you (see listing in catalog or online) and replacement parts and service are also available through these same service locations. Order your accessories and spare parts from your specialist retailer or using RO SERVICE+ online: ☎ + 49 (0) 61 95/ 800 8200 ☎ + 49 (0) 61 95/ 800 7491 ✉ service@rothenberger.com - www.rothenberger.com

7 Disposal

Components of the unit are recyclable material and should be put to recycling. For this purpose registered and certified recycling companies are available. For an environmental friendly disposal of the non-recyclable parts (e.g. electronic waste) please contact your local waste disposal authority.

For EU countries only:



Do not dispose electric tools with domestic waste. In accordance with the European Directive 2012/19/EU the disposal of electrical and electronic equipment and its implementation as national law, electric tools that are no longer serviceable must be collected separately and utilised for environmentally compatible recycling.

